



IMPLEMENTATION OF THE INTOSAI GOV 9400 GUIDELINES: SURVEY RESULTS

INTOSAI Working Group

on Evaluation of Public Policies and Programs (WGEPPP)

20, May 2019

Vilnius, Lithuania





- ☐ The survey was sent to all the EWG members
- □ 14 SAIs answered back:
 - ❖ Algeria
 - Czech Republic
 - European Union
 - Finland
 - France
 - Germany
 - ❖ India

- Italy
- Lithuania
- The Netherlands
- Philippines
- Senegal
- South Korea
- Switzerland





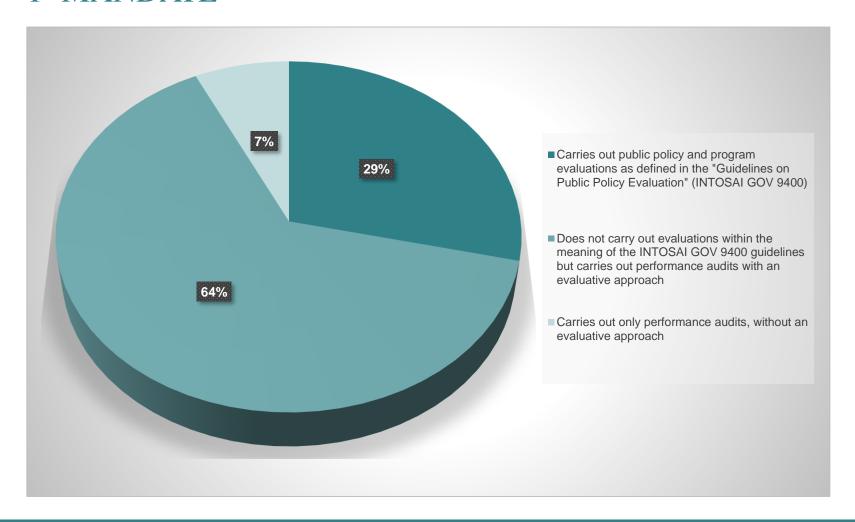
I- LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK

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1- MANDATE







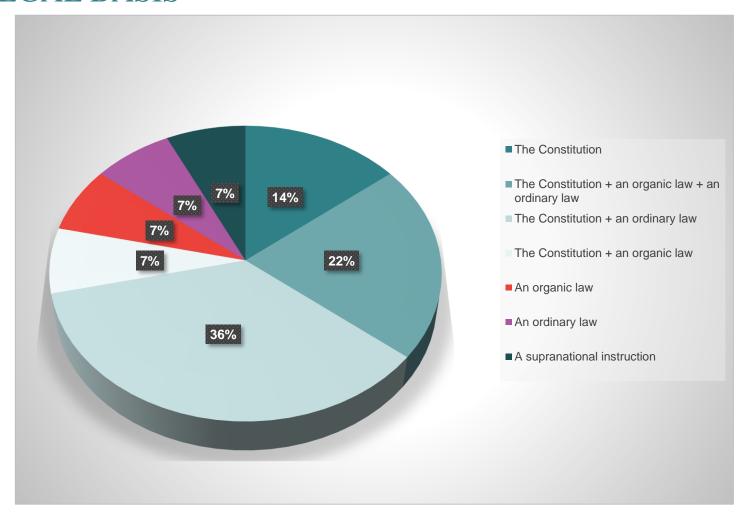
There are only one third of answering SAIs who conduct genuine evaluations according to the GOV 9400

INTOSAI





2- LEGAL BASIS

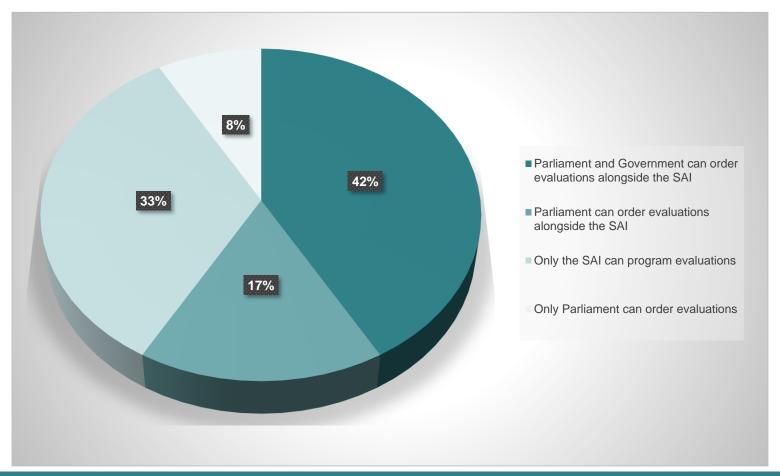








3- OTHER INSTITUTIONS THAT CAN ORDER EVALUATION WITH THE SAIs







- The Constitution is the prevailing legal basis but it is not necessary
- In the majority of cases, Parliament can request evaluations (or performance audits with an evaluative approach)





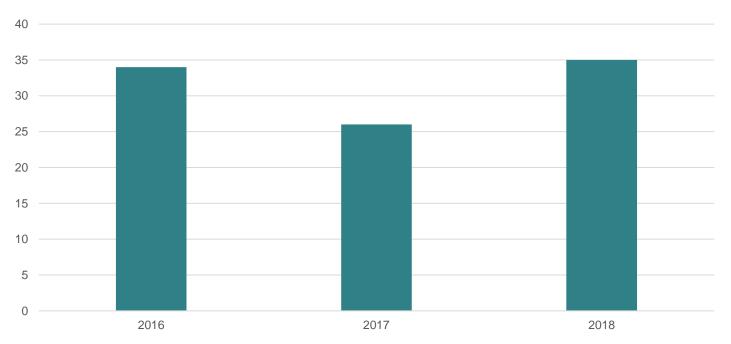
II- EVALUATIONS AND INTERNAL RESSOURCES





AVERAGE EVALUATIONS PUBLISHED PER YEAR 2016-2018 (1)

EVALUATIONS IN TOTAL PER YEAR (ACCORDING TO THE ANSWERS OF 8 COUNTRIES*)

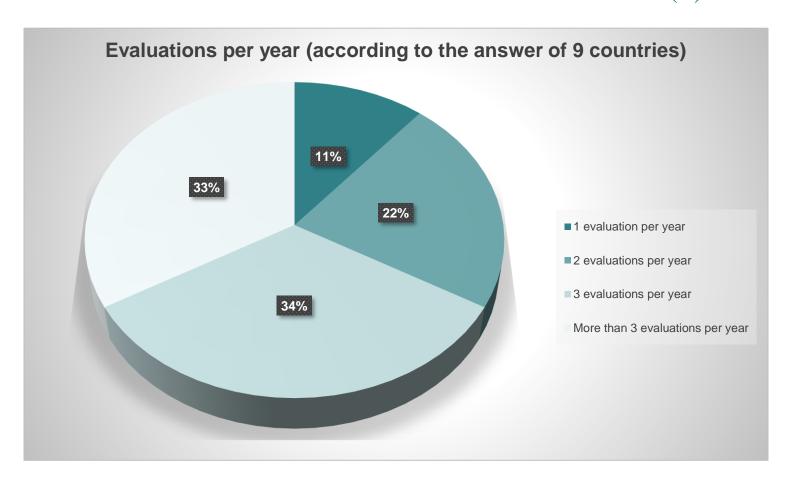


^{*}For this graph, data from India was not taken into account due to a major difference with the rest of the countries' data.





AVERAGE EVALUATIONS PER YEAR 2016-2018 (2)

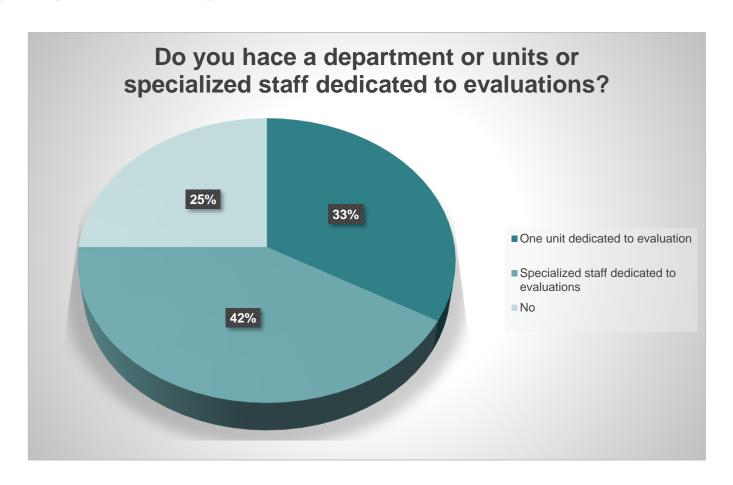








2- SPECIALIZED STAFF

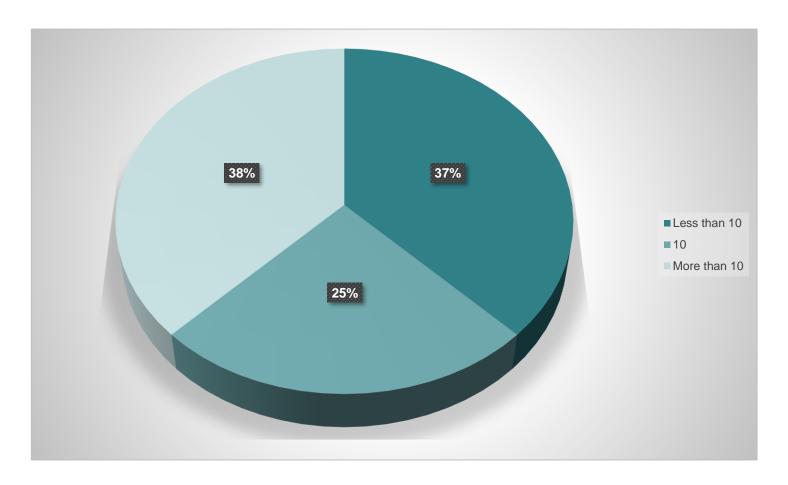








3- DEDICATED INTERNAL RESSOURCES







- There are few evaluations because they require time, involvement and resources
- Special units/staff are often required to conduct evaluations because it differs significantly from average other audit missions of SAIs





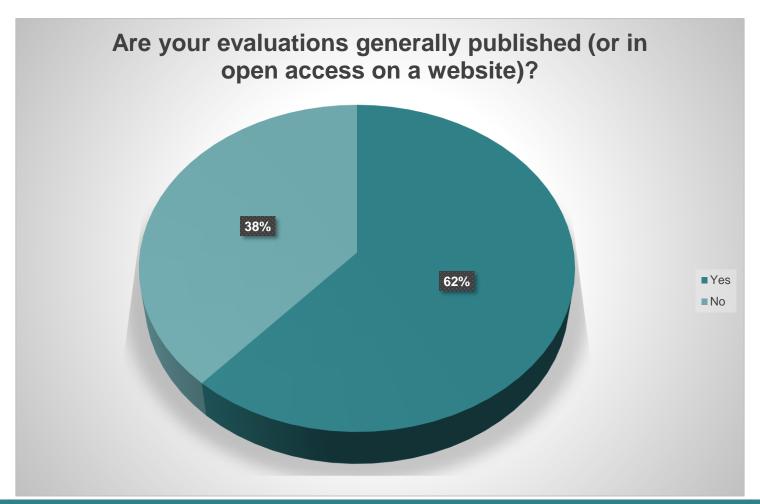
III- PUBLICATION AND MEDIA COVERAGE







1- PUBLICATION AND MEDIA COVERAGE (1)

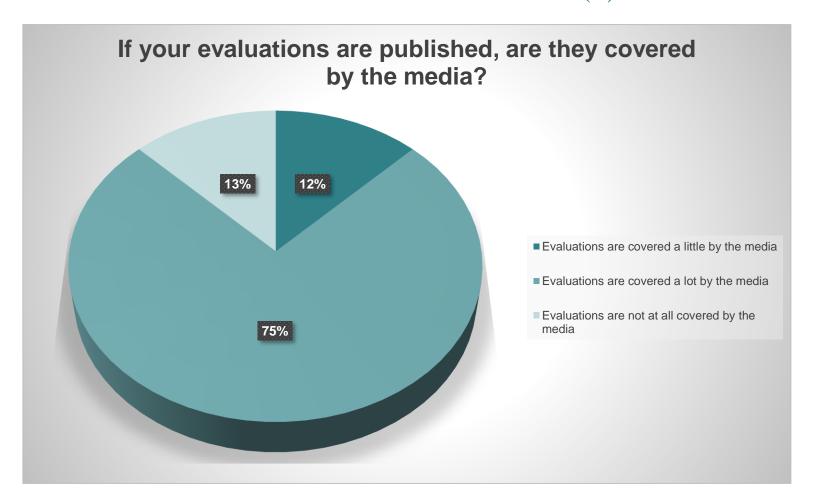








1- PUBLICATION AND MEDIATIZATION (2)







- The jurisdictional SAIs publish generally their reports
- Whereas the Audit Offices, attached to Parliament, don't always publish their reports





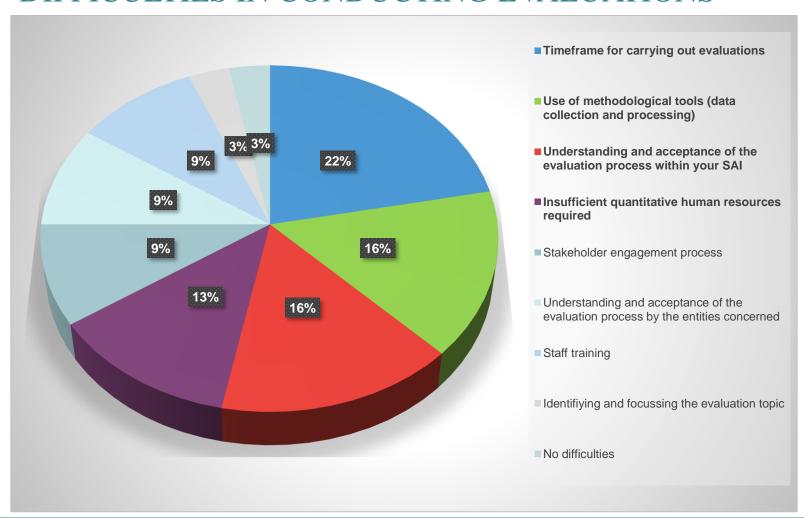
IV- DIFFICULTIES IN CONDUCTING EVALUATIONS







1- DIFFICULTIES IN CONDUCTING EVALUATIONS







- The major obstacles in conducting evaluations are:
 - training and allocation of resources
 - methodological obstacles
 - institutional and legal framework





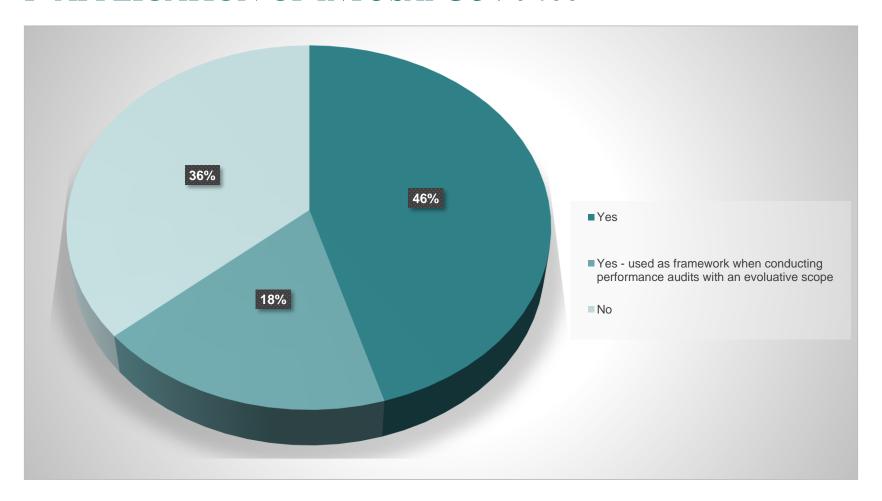
V-IMPLEMENTATION AND DISSEMINATION







1- APPLICATION OF INTOSAI GOV 9400







Even when a SAI conducts performance audits with an evaluative scope, the INTOSAI GOV 9400 are still used as a framework





VI- QUESTIONS / CONCLUSION





GOV 9400: an appropriate framework for evaluations?

❖ GOV 9400: an adequate appropriation by the SAIs?

❖ GOV 9400: a tool to develop EPPP?



❖ GOV 9400: Assessing the adequacy of its various items

- 1.1 Overview
- 1.2 Background
- 1.3 Relationship between EWG and PAS
- 2.1 Definition
- 2.2 Objectives
- 2.3 Limitation of an evaluation
- 3.1 Actors
- 3.2 Institutional environment
- 4.1 Choice of object of the evaluation of public policies: three criteria
- 4.2 Project building with the stakeholders
- 5.1 Evaluability assessment : opportunity for an evaluation
- 5.2 Organization
- 5.3 Tools and methods to be applied
- 5.4 Use of experts
- 6.1 Examination of results
- 6.2 Contradictory stage
- 6.3 Finalization of results
- 7.1 Dissemination of the evaluation report
- 7.2 Using the conclusions of the evaluation





Thank you

for your

attention!