

### WGEPPP Flash 1/2023

## Evaluating conception and effectiveness of the various financial aids to the economy during the covid-19 pandemic

March 15 / 2023, 12.00am - 1.30pm GMT, via video conference

Swiss Federal Audit Office (SFAO)

- Discussion input: Mathias Rickli
- Facilitation: Andrea Häuptli

#### Schedule

- 13.00 Welcome and introduction to the first WGEPPP Flash 1/2023
- 13.10 Today's discussion topic:

### **Evaluating conception and effectiveness of the financial aids to support the economy during the covid-19 pandemic**

- presentation of SFAO's interest in the topic and first experiences (10')
- discussion over emerging questions when evaluating covid-19 financial aids to support the economy
- 14.10 Further information on WGEPPP annual activities
- 14.30 End of WGEPPP Flash 1/2023



### Financial aids to support Swiss economy during the covid-19 pandemic

- 1. Overview of covid-19 financial aids to Swiss economy
- 2. Evaluation activities on covid-19 financial aid in Switzerland, first evaluation results and further steps
- 3. Discussion over four questions of concern



### 1. Overview of covid-19 financial aids to Swiss economy

#### funds released by parliament ≠ effective expenditures

For companies	30.8 billion
<ul> <li>Short-time working compensation through unemployment insurance</li> </ul>	<ul><li>16.8 billion</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Hardship Assistance for companies with high fixed costs (2<sup>nd</sup> wave only)</li> </ul>	<ul><li>10 billion</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Support for specific sectors: Professional and mass sports, Culture, Print media,</li> <li>Public transport, Aviation, Tourism</li> </ul>	<ul><li>4 billion</li></ul>
For individuals	5.3 billion
<ul> <li>Compensation for loss of income for self-employed persons business shut-down, child care, quarantine, persons at risk,</li> </ul>	<ul><li>5.3 billion</li></ul>
Covid-19 bridging credits to companies with 100% federal government guarantee	17 billion
Total federal government commitments	53.1 billion

(in CHF, 1 CHF ~ 1 €)

-> for comparison: Swiss regular annual budget 2019 = CHF 74 billion



### 1. Chances and challenges related to the covid-19 financial aids

### Short-time working compensation (16.8 bn)

through unemployment insurance

- Well established system (for registration and payment)
- Established cooperation between Swiss federation and cantons and employers
- Underfunded for covid-19-needs
- High time pressure for payment

## Compensation loss of income self-employed persons (5.3 bn)

in case of business shut-down

- Well established system (for registration and payment)
- Established cooperation between Swiss federation and compensations offices
- Underfunded for covid-19-needs
- High time pressure for payment

## Hardship Assistance for companies with high fixed costs (10 bn)

(2nd wave only)

- High political will at federal and cantonal levels
- medium time pressure for payment
- No pre-existing tool for registration and payment in place
- Underfunded for covid-19-needs

### Support for specific sectors:

Professional and mass sports, Culture, Print media, Public transport, Aviation, Tourism

### Covid-19 bridging credits to companies

with 100% federal government guarantee



#### 2. First evaluation results of covid-19 financial aids

## Compensation of loss of income to self-employed persons (CHF 5.3 bn)

in case of business shut-down

- rapid payment to beneficiaries, less than 4 weeks after lockdown
- **well targeted** to people who were severely affected by the COVID-19 measures
- **dynamic access criteria over time**: generous in beginning, more restricted later
- main weakness: self-declared, preliminary reference income 2019 used as criterion for entitlement and compensation amount
- **Unequal treatment** of businesses that were forced to close (e.g. restaurants) compared to businesses that were indirectly affected (e.g. taxi drivers)
- questionable inclusion of employees in employer-like positions to the program from winter 2020/21 onwards

#### Methods used

- Documentary research
- Interviews
- Case studies
- Data analysis
- Financial statement analysis
- Online survey among people concerned (beneficiaries and nonbeneficiaries)



### 2. Further steps to evaluation covid-19 financial aids

Short-time
working
compensation
through unemployment
insurance

by PCA \*, ongoing

Compensation
loss of income
self-employed
persons
in case of business shut-

down

by SFAO, completed

Hardship
Assistance for
companies with
high fixed costs
(2nd wave only)

by SFAO, ongoing

Covid-19 bridging credits to companies with 100% federal

government guarantee

specific sectors:
Professional and mass
sports, Culture, Print
media, Public transport,
Aviation, Tourism

**Support for** 

1st phase:

Evaluations of individual financial aid instruments completed or underway (2022/2023)

2<sup>nd</sup> phase:

Meta-evaluation of all financial aids to the economy planned (2024/2025)



<sup>\*</sup> Parliamentary Control of the Administration (PCA)

- 1. What have been the goals of the Covid-19 financial aids to the economy?
- 2. Which indicators describe success / failure of these financial aids?
- 3. When is the right moment to evaluate the different relevant indicators?
- 4. What are appropriate methods to evaluate covid-19 financial aids?



1. What have been the goals of the Covid-19 financial aids to the economy?



2. Which indicators describe success / failure of the Covid-19 financial aids?



# 3. When is the right moment to evaluate the different relevant indicators?

- Abuse
- target precision
- non-discrimination
- beneficiary satisfaction
- windfall profits

- evolution of insolvency
- evolution of unemployment quota

4. What are appropriate methods to evaluate the Covid-19 financial aids?